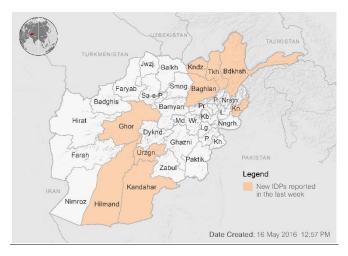
Afghanistan Weekly Field Report



Week ending 14 May 2016, Kabul



Countrywide Conflict Displacement

Northern/North Eastern: ANSF conducted airstrikes over Qara-Qasab villages of Chardarah and Qala-e-Zal districts of Kunduz Province which caused displacement from Chardarah and Qala-e-Zal districts. In Garziwan district of Faryab, the military operation ended. The provincial authorities reported that Jar Qala, Dong Qala, Darai Zang were cleared and families can return to their villages. DoRR registrations for IDPs indicate: Kunduz 1,904, Baghlan 2,779, Takhar DoRR 5,208 and Badakhshan 1,449 individuals.

Central: Kabul DoRR reported 467 individuals newly displaced conflict induced IDPs from insecure districts of Nangarhar, Kunduz and Kapisa provinces.

Eastern: On 10 May, Pakistani Military Forces closed the Torkham border crossing point after heated arguments over the installation of military installations in the Zero Point area, disregarding agreements between the two countries. Negotiations between the two continued with the stalemate broken on 13 May. Thousands of stranded people stayed in mosques, hotels and other empty buildings in Torkham, Landikotal and other areas. More than 300 people stayed in a mosque under construction in Landikotal bazaar.

Southern: The overall situation in the region remains volatile especially in Zabul and Uruzgan provinces. Increasing attacks against ANSF check points in the Arghandab district of Zabul. The main road from Kandahar to Tirinkot and onward to Dehrawud is still closed. 1,500 IDP families reportedly have moved back to their places of origin. Attacks on an ANA compound has reportedly displaced some families from Lubnan to DAC and NSAGs controlled areas.

Western: Ghor province recorded multiple Taliban attacks to ANA Checkpoints. No displacement from the area reported.

Flood and drought-affected Activities

Northern/North Eastern: Following heavy rainfall Aybak, Khuram Wa Sarbagh, Ruy-e-Duab and Hazrat-e-Sultan districts of Samangan province were affected by flash floods from 2 to 4 May, 2016. Subsequently, joint inter-agency assessments identified 3,360 individuals in need of humanitarian assistance and 721 individuals who lost their homes.

Central: Heavy rainfall from 3 to 5 May 2016, affected 1,918 people (274 families) in Kabul and Maydan Wardak provinces. Assessment results indicated 685 flood affected people in Kabul city. 1,296 people were affected in four districts of Maydan Wardak province. WFP/CTG, IOM, ANDMA, DoRRD and District authorities carried out assessments and WFP agreed to provide food, with NFIs committed by IOM and UNICEF.

Eastern: Barkunar and Chawkayi experienced flash floods on 9 and 10 May.

Ongoing Response Activities

Northern/North Eastern: On 12 May 2016, WFP and UNHCR started food and NFIs distribution to 170 IDP families in Kishem district of Badakhshan Province. NRC started distribution of NFIs to 155 IDP families in Kunduz City. WFP and IOM distributed food and NFIs to 3,360 flood affected individuals from 9 to 11 May 2016.

Central: IOM provided NFI assistance and ANDMA provided food assistance in Parwan province to flood-affected families. Each family received 25 kg of rice, 5 liters of cooking oil and 7 kg of beans.

Eastern: UNMACA provided assistance to 98 conflict affected people under ACAP-III program in Kunar. ANDMA Kunar distributed one week food rations for 1148 individuals.

Southern: ICRC completed assessments in Hilmand identifying 770 IDPs. The HRT formed a joint assessment team in Kandahar and Tirinkot. Results indicate 210 IDPs in Kandahar and 714 in Tirinkot.

Access Constraints and Security Incidents

Northern/NorthEastern: According to ANDMA and humanitarian partners, flash flooding that hit Dara-e-Sufi Bala and Ruy-e-Duab districts on 10 May resulted in road blockages. An interagency assessment team could not reach the affected areas due to destroyed access roads.

Central: On 8 May 2016, the Afghan Government confirmed six prisoners were executed in Kabul City, the first implementation of the death penalty since October 2014. It is anticipated that this may lead to increased attacks on Government buildings and personnel.

Southern: AHDS was unable to supply monthly routine medicines to Dehzak and Dehrawud health facilities from Southern Uruzgan province, due to road blockages and lack of medicines, which may affect health services in these areas.

Key dates

- Flood response assessment in the North (14.05)
- DFID meeting in KAF in the southern region (16.05)
- CivMil Coordination training in Gambiri (18.05)
- Kabul IDP Screening Committee Meeting (18.05)

Coordination Saves Lives

http://afg.humanitarianresponse.info/

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