

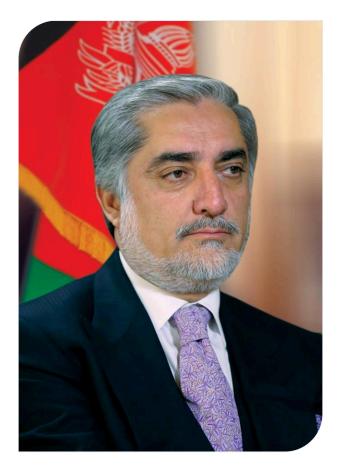
Islamic Republic of Afghanistan Ministry of Economy

AFGHANISTAN SUSTAINABLE GEALS DEVELOPMENT

National Goals, Target and Indicators



Muhammad Ashraf Ghani President of Islamic Republic of Afghanistan



Dr. Abdullah Abdullah Chief Executive of the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan



Dr. Mustafa Mastoor Minister of Economy





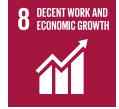






























NO POVERTY



END EXTREME POVERTY IN ALL FORMS BY 2030.

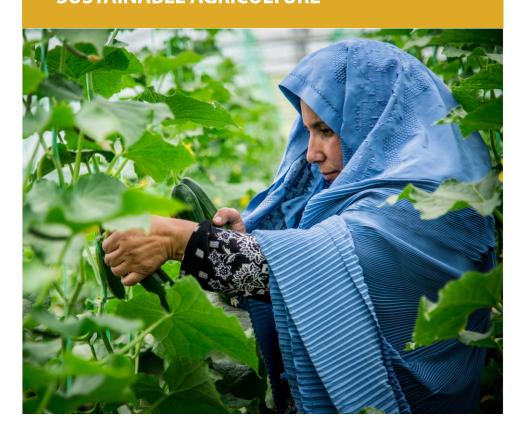


TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere		
1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, disaggregated by:	МоЕс
1.3 By 2030, Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by: 1. Persons with disabilities 2. Families of martyrs 3. Retired person (Pension) 4. Vulnerable families with children under 10 years old	MoLSAMD
1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic,	1.5.1 Percentage of population at risk by climate and other disasters	NDMA
social and environmental shocks and disasters	1.5.2 Direct disaster economic loss in relation to gross domestic product (GDP) ^a	NDMA
1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means to implement program and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions	1.a.1 Proportion of resources allocated by the government directly to poverty reduction program	MoF
	1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection)	MoF

2 ZERO HUNGER



END HUNGER, ACHIEVE FOOD SECURITY AND IMPROVED NUTRITION AND PROMOTE SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE



TAROSTO	MIDICATOR	
TARGETS Coal 2 End hunger cobious food acquirity and is	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and in		
2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access	2.1.1.Percentage of food insecure	MAIL
by all people, in particular the poor and	population	
people in vulnerable situations, including		
infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food		
all year round	0040	
2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition,	2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age	MoPH
including achieving, by 2025, the	<-2 standard deviation from the median of	
internationally agreed targets on stunting and	the World Health Organization (WHO) Child	
wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent	Growth Standards) among children under 5	
girls, pregnant and lactating women and older	years of age	
5 7. 5	2.2.2 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for	MoPH
persons	height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from	
	the median of the WHO Child Growth	
	Standards) among children under 5 years of	
	age, by type (wasting and overweight)	
2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural	2.3.1. Average wheat and rice harvest by	MAIL
productivity and incomes of small-scale food	farmers (MT/HA)	
producers, in particular women, indigenous	a. Irrigated wheat	
peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and	b. Rain-fed wheat	
fishers, including through secure and equal	c. Rice	
access to land, other productive resources	2.3.2 Average income of small-scale food	MAIL
and inputs, knowledge, financial services,	producers.	WAIL
markets and opportunities for value addition	producers.	
and non-farm employment		
2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food	2.4.1 Proportion of agricultural area under	MAIL
production systems and implement resilient	productive and sustainable agriculture	MAIL
agricultural practices that increase	productive and sustainable agriculture	
productivity and production, that help		
maintain ecosystems, that strengthen		
capacity for adaptation to climate change,		
extreme weather, drought, flooding and other		
disasters and that progressively improve land		
and soil quality	0.5.4 N	B A A II
2.5 By 2025, maintain the genetic diversity of	2.5.1 Number of registered and protected	MAIL
seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and	plant and animal genetic resources.	
domesticated animals and their related wild	Disaggregated by:	
species, including through soundly managed	a. Fruits	
and diversified seed and plant banks at the	b. Plants	
national level; and promote access to and fair	c. Animals	
and equitable sharing of benefits arising from		
the utilization of genetic resources and		
associated traditional knowledge, as		
internationally agreed		
2.a Increase investment, including through	2.a.1 The agriculture orientation index for	MAIL
enhanced international cooperation, in rural	public expenditures	
infrastructure, agricultural research and		
extension services, technology development		
and plant and livestock gene banks in order to		
enhance agricultural productive capacity		

2.c Adopt measures to ensure the proper	2.c.1 Number of agricultural products,	MAIL
functioning of food commodity markets and	livestock and basic food needs which's	
their derivatives and facilitate timely access to	prices is published on weekly and monthly	
market information, including on food	basis.	
reserves, in order to help limit extreme food		
price volatility		

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING



ENSURE HEALTHY LIVES AND PROMOTE WELL-BEING FOR ALL AT ALL AGES



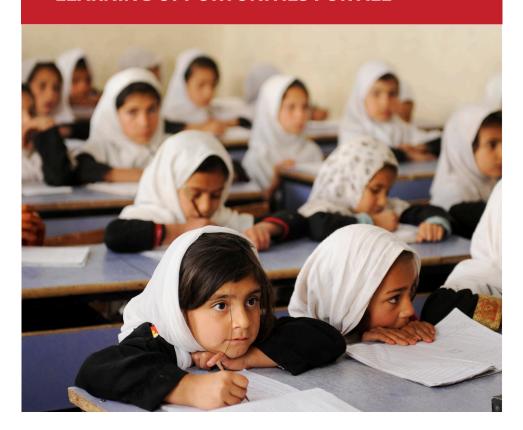
TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-b	eing for all at all ages	
3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio (per 100,000 live birth) disaggregated by: 1. Total a. Urban b. Rural 2. Age group	МоРН
	3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel (From total of births)	MoPH
3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 15 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live	3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate (Per 1000 live births)	МоРН
births	3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate (Per 1000 live births)	MoPH
3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population. 1. Total of both sex 2. Male 3. Female 4.Key population (drug addicted people, prisoners, male and female sex workers)	МоРН
	3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population in last 12 month	MoPH
	3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population in last 12 month	MoPH
	3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population in last 12 month by: A. National level B. Percentage of HB+ in VCT centers.	MoPH
3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory disease (aged 30 – 70 years)	MoPH
3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	3.5.2 Percentage of drug users whom have received treatment for substance use disorders	МоРН
3.6 By 2030 halve the number of deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents	3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries per 100 thousand person per year disaggregated by: 1. Total of both sex a. Male b. Female 2. Social economic status a. Low b. Medium c. High	Mol
3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services,	3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need	MoPH

including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive	for family planning satisfied with modern methods	
health into national strategies and program	3.7.2 Proportion of adolescent birth (aged 13-19 years)	MoPH
3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and	3.8.1 Proportion of population whom have access to equal and quality essential health services with distance of two hours walking	MoPH
access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	(10 km). 3.8.2 Percentage of health sector dependency to international donors.	МоРН
3.a Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate	3.a.1 Prevalence of current tobacco use (active form) among persons aged 15 years and older	MoPH
3.b Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all	3.b.1 Proportion of the population with access to affordable vaccines and medicine on a sustainable basis	MoPH
3.c Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training	3.c.1 Health worker density and distribution (per 1000 population)	MoPH
and retention of the health workforce in the country.	3.c.2 Percentage of budget allocation for health sector by government.	MoPH

4 QUALITY EDUCATION



ENSURE INCLUSIVE AND EQUITABLE QUALITY EDUCATION AND PROMOTE LIFELONG LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES FOR ALL



TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
	education and promote lifelong learning oppor	
4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in a. Reading b. Arithmetic at 1. Grade 2 or 3 2. the end of primary education 3. the end of lower secondary education	MoE
	by sex 4.1.2 Implementation of a nationally- representative learning assessment a. in Grade 2 or 3 b. at the end of primary education c. at the end of lower secondary education	МоЕ
	4.1.3 Gross intake ratio to the last grade 1. Primary 2. Lower secondary	MoE
	4.1.4 Completion rate 1. Primary education 2. Lower secondary education 3. Upper secondary education	MoE
	4.1.5 Out-of-school rate 1. Primary education 2. Lower secondary education 3. Upper secondary education	MoE
	4.1.6 Percentage of children over-age for grade 1. Primary education 2. Lower secondary education 3. Upper secondary education	MoE
	4.1.7 Number of years of primary and secondary education a. free b. Compulsory that is guaranteed in legal frameworks	МоЕ
4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education	4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning one year before the official primary entry age (Age of 6)	MoE
4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	4.3.1 Participation rate of a. Youth and adults (Age of 15 – 24) b. Elders (Age of 25 – 64) in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months, by sex (male, female)	MoE
	4.3.2 Participation rate in technical and vocational programs (15- 24 years old), Disaggregated by: a. total of both sex	MoE

	b. male	
	c. female 4.3.3 Percentage of new enrollments in public and private universities	MoE
	public and private universities, disaggregated by: 1. Public	
	a. Male	
	b. Female	
	2. Private	
	a. Male	
	b. Female	
	4.3.4 Participation rate of youth and adults in non-formal vocational trainings, disaggregated by:	MoLSAMD
	1. Male	
	2. Female	
4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the	4.4.1 Percentage of disabled people in non-	MoLSAMD
number of youth and adults who have	formal vocational trainings.	
relevant skills, including technical and		
vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship		
4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in	4.5.1 Proportion of gender balance	MoE
education and ensure equal access to all	enrollment in	
levels of education and vocational training for	Primary education Lower accordant education	
the vulnerable, including persons with	2. Lower secondary education	
disabilities, indigenous peoples and children	3. Upper secondary education 4.5.2 Percentage of students in primary	MoE
in vulnerable situations	education whose first or home	MoE
	language is the language of instruction	
	4.5.3 Explicit formula-based policies for	MoE
	relocation of resources to disadvantaged	
	population	
	4.5.4 Education expenditure per student	MoE
	disaggregated by:	·
	A. Level of Education	
	1. Primary	
	2. Lower Secondary	
	3. Upper secondary	
	B. Education expenditure for each student	
4.6.D.; 2020. amazuma 4h.a.f II II -	per capita GDP	МоГ
4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a	4.6.1 Percentage of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of	MoE
substantial proportion of adults, both men	proficiency in	
and women, achieve literacy and numeracy	a. Literacy	
	b. Numeracy by sex (male and female)	
	4.6.2 literacy rate among individuals,	MoE
	disaggregated by:	- -
	A. 15 – 24 years old	
	1.Total of both sex	
	2. Male	
	3. Female	
	B. 15 years and above	
	1.Total of both sex	
	2. Male	
	3. Female	

	4.6.3 Participation rate of	MoE
	a. Youth (15 – 24 years)	
	b. Adult (15 years and older)	
	in literacy programs	
4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire	4.7.1 Extent to which	MoE
the knowledge and skills needed to promote	Global citizenship education	
sustainable development, including, among	Education for	
others, through education for sustainable	sustainable development, including gender	
development and sustainable lifestyles,	equality and human rights	
human rights, gender equality, promotion of a	are	
culture of peace and non-violence, global	mainstreamed at below levels:	
citizenship and appreciation of cultural	National education policies	
diversity and of culture's contribution to	b. curricula	
sustainable development	c. Teacher education	
	d. Student assessments	
	4.7.2 Percentage of schools that provide life	MoE
	skills-based, HIV prevention and sexuality	
	Education	
	4.7.3 Extent to which the framework on the	MoE
	World Program on Human	
	Rights Education is implemented nationally	
	a. inclusion in curricula	
	b. educating students on human rights in	
	primary, lower secondary and upper	
	secondary c. educating teachers and administrative	
	staff on human rights	
	Stall Off Human rights	
	4.7.4 Percentage of students by:	MoE
	a. Educational level	11102
	b. Age groups	
	showing	
	adequate understanding of issues relating to	
	global citizenship and sustainability	
	4.7.5 Percentage of 15-year old students	MoE
	showing proficiency in knowledge of	
	environmental science and geoscience	
4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that	4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to:	MoE
are child, disability and gender sensitive and	a. electricity	
provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and	b. Internet for	
effective learning environments for all	pedagogical purposes	
onodavo idanining direntonianionia for an	c. computer lab for pedagogical purposes	
	d. Adapted	
	infrastructure and materials for students with	
	disabilities;	
	e. Basic drinking	
	water and washroom	
	f. single-sex basic sanitation facilities	
	g. Appropriate building	
	4.a.2 Percentage of students experiencing	MoE
	bullying, corporal punishment,	
	harassment, violence, sexual discrimination	
	and abuse	
	4.a.3 Number and type of attacks on	MoE
	students, personnel and institutions	

4.b By 2030, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programs	4.b.2 number of higher education scholarships in foreign countries. Disaggregated by: 1. Bachelors scholarships 2. Masters scholarship 3. PhD Scholarships	МоЕ
4.c By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training	4.c.1 Proportion of teachers in: a. Pre-primary education b. Primary education c. Lower secondary education d. Upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training (e.g. pedagogical training) pre-service or in- service required for teaching at the relevant level, by sex (male and female)	МоЕ
	4.c.2 Pupil-trained teacher ratio by education level: 1. Primary 2. Lower secondary 3. upper secondary	MoE
	4.c.3 Percentage of teachers qualified according to national standards, by Level: 1. Primary 2. Lower secondary Upper secondary	MoE
	4.c.4 Pupil-qualified teacher ratio by level of education 1. Primary 2. Lower secondary 3. Upper secondary	MoE
	4.c.5 Average teacher salary relative to other professions requiring a comparable level of qualification	MoE
•	4.c.6 Teacher attrition rate	MoE
·	4.c.7 Percentage of teachers who received in-service training in the previous 12 months	MoE

5 GENDER EQUALITY



ACHIEVE GENDER EQUALITY AND EMPOWER ALL WOMEN AND GIRLS



TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all		LINITI
5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	5.1.1 Ensure that frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex (legislations, manuals, conventions, and agreements)	MoWA
5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	5.2.1 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by partner in the previous 12 months	MoWA
	5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than partner in the previous 12 months	MoWA
5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage	5.3.1 Proportion of women who were married at the age of 15-19	MoWA
5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, disaggregated by: 1. Total of both sex a. Male b. Female	MoLSAMD
5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for	5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament	MoWA
leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions	MoWA
5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women	5.b.1 Proportion of population who own a mobile telephone, by sex 1. Male 2. Female	MoCIT

6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION



ENSURE AVAILABILITY AND SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT OF WATER AND SANITATION FOR ALL

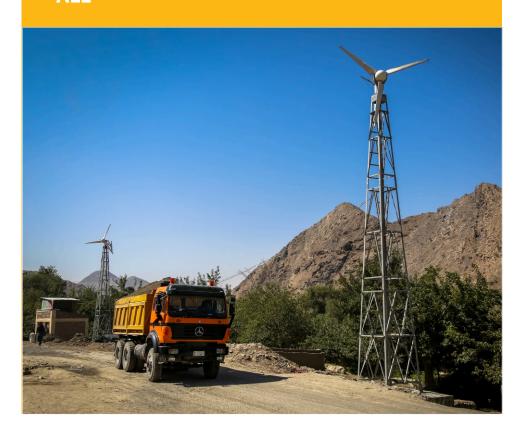


TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable mana		MDDD
6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable	6.1.1 Proportion of population using safely	MRRD
access to safe and affordable drinking water	managed drinking water services.	
for all	Disaggregated by:	
	1. Total	
	a. Urban	
	b. Rural	
6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and	6.2.1 Proportion of population using safely	MRRD
equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and	managed sanitation services disaggregated	
end open defecation, paying special attention	by:	
to the needs of women and girls and those in	1.Total	
vulnerable situations	2. Urban	
***	3. Rural	
	6.2.2 Proportion of population with access to	MRRD
	hand-washing facility with soap and water.	MINIC
	disaggregated by:	
	1.Total	
	2.Urban	
	3. Rural	
	6.2.3 Proportion of population who use open	MRRD
	defection by:	
	1.Total	
	a. Urban	
	b. Rural	
6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by	6.3.1 Proportion of wastewater (household	MoUDH
reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and	and all economic activities) safely treated	
minimizing release of hazardous chemicals	1. Urban	
and materials, halving the proportion of		
untreated wastewater and substantially		
increasing recycling and safe reuse globally		
6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use	6.4.1 Proportion of change in water-use	MoEW
efficiency across all sectors and ensure	efficiency over time	IVIOLVV
	Energy Sector	
sustainable withdrawals and supply of	Agriculture Sector	
freshwater to address water scarcity and	3. Industries Sector	
substantially reduce the number of people	4. Urban Sector	
suffering from water scarcity	T. OIDAII OCCIOI	
	6.4.2 Increase water reserves capacity for	MoEW
		IVIULVV
	per-capita use (m³/year)	
S E By 2020 implement interreted water	6 E 1 Degree of integrated water recover	MoEW
6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water	6.5.1 Degree of integrated water resources	MoEW
resources management at all levels, including	management implementation (0-100)	
through transboundary cooperation as	6.5.2 Implementation of Helmand agreement	MoEW
appropriate	and other water resources transboundary	
	agreements	
6.6 By 2030, protect and restore water-related	6.6.1 Change in the extent of water-related	NEPA
ecosystems, including mountains, forests,	ecosystems over time (Percentage of	
wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes	change)	
6.b Support and strengthen the participation	6.b.1 Proportion of councils in 5 river basins	MoEW
of local communities in improving water and	with established and operational policies and	
sanitation management	procedures for participation of local communities	ne in water recourses
samanon management	management and development	es iii water resources

7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY



ENSURE ACCESS TO AFFORDABLE, RELIABLE, SUSTAINABLE AND MODERN ENERGY FOR ALL



TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, su	stainable and modern energy for all	•
7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to	7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to	MoEW
affordable, reliable and modern energy	electricity network, disaggregated by:	
services	1. Urban	
	2. Rural	
7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share	7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total	MoEW
of renewable energy in the global energy mix	energy consumption	
7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of	7.3.1 Energy intensity measured in terms of	MoEW
improvement in energy efficiency	primary energy and GDP	
7.b By 2030, expand infrastructure and	7.b.1 Investments in energy efficiency as a	MoEW
upgrade technology for supplying modern	percentage of GDP and the amount of	
and sustainable energy services for all	foreign direct investment in financial transfer	
	for infrastructure and technology to	
	sustainable development services	

B DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



PROMOTE SUSTAINED, INCLUSIVE AND SUSTAINABLE ECONOMIC GROWTH, FULL AND PRODUCTIVE EMPLOYMENT AND DECENT WORK FOR ALL



TARGETS TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustai work for all	nable economic growth, full and productive e	mployment and decent
B.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, n particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum	8.1.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP	MoF
3.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, echnological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labor-intensive sectors	8.2.1 Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person	MoEc
3.3 Promote development-oriented policies hat support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and nnovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and mediumsized enterprises, including through access to inancial services	8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture sectors, disaggregated by: 1. Total of both sex a. Male b. Female	MoCI
3.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and bersons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of employees, disaggregated by: 1. Occupation 2. Age group 3. Disability 4. Male 5. Female	MoLSAMD
	8.5.2 Unemployment rate, disaggregated by: 1. Male 2. Female	MoLSAMD
8.6 By 2030, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	8.6.1 Proportion of illiterate and unemployed youth (aged 15-24 years), disaggregated by: 1. Illiteracy 2. Unemployment	MoLSAMD
3.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labor, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labor, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labor in all its forms	8.7.1 Proportion of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labor, disaggregated by: 1. age 5 – 11 2. age 12 – 14 3. age 15 - 17	MoLSAMD
3.8 Protect labor rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, in particular	8.8.1 Frequency rates of fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries 8.8.2 Joining with International Labor	MoLSAMD MoLSAMD
women migrants, and those in precarious employment	Organization's fundamental conventions 8.8.3 Number of persons who are sent to foreign countries through legal and managed arrangements based on bilateral labor agreements	MoLSAMD
8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products	8.9.1 Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP 8.9.2 Number of jobs in tourism industries as a proportion of total jobs; disaggregated by: a. Male	MoIC MoIC

8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and	8.10.1 Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adult	Da Afghanistan Bank
expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all	8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank per 100,000 person	Da Afghanistan Bank
	8.10.3 Number of automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults	Da Afghanistan Bank
8.b By 2025, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labor Organization	8.b.1 Total government spending in social protection and employment programs as a proportion of the national budget.	MoLSAMD

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



BUILD RESILIENT INFRASTRUCTURE, PROMOTE INCLUSIVE AND SUSTAINABLE INDUSTRIALIZATION AND FOSTER INNOVATION

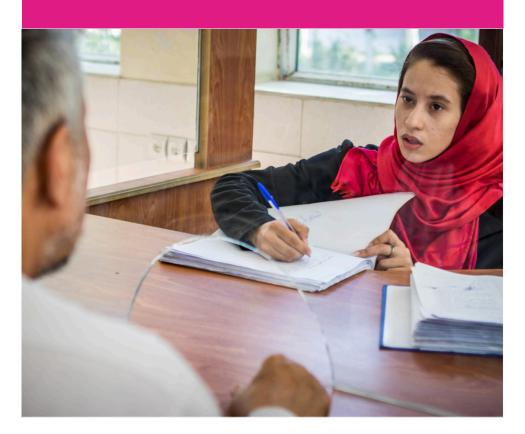


TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote in		
		MRRD
9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and	9.1.1 Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road	MULD
resilient infrastructure, including regional and	live within 2 km of an all-season road	
trans-border infrastructure, to support		
economic development and human well- being, with a focus on affordable and		
equitable access for all		
9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable	9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a	MoCI
industrialization and, by 2030, significantly	proportion of:	WOOI
raise industry's share of employment and	a. GDP	
gross domestic product, in line with national	b. Per capita	
circumstances, and double its share	9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a	MoCI
onounistanoes, and double its share	proportion of total employment	WIOOT
9.3 Increase the access of small-scale	9.3.1 Proportion of small-scale industries in	MoCI
industrial and other enterprises to financial	total industry value added	WIOOI
services, including affordable credit, and their	9.3.2 Proportion of small-scale industries	MoCI
integration into value chains and markets	with a loan or line of credit	WOOT
9.a Facilitate sustainable and resilient	9.a.1 Total official international support	MoF
infrastructure development in the country	(official development assistance plus other	mor
through enhanced financial, technological	official flows) to infrastructure sector	
and technical support	omolar nowe, to initiatinatinatination	
9.c Significantly increase access to	9.c.1 Proportion of population covered by a	MoCIT
information and communications technology	mobile network, disaggregated by :	
and strive to provide universal and affordable	1. Technology	
access to the Internet		

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



REDUCE INEQUALITY WITHIN AND AMONG COUNTRIES

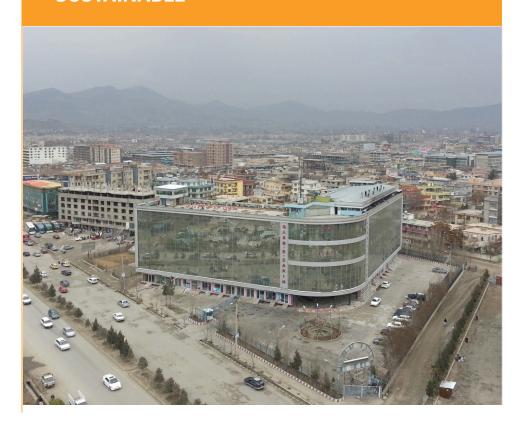


Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries 10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and 10.1.1 MoEc sustain income growth of the bottom 25 per a. Per capita income	
, ,, ,	
sustain income growth of the bottom 25 per	
cent of the population at a rate higher than the b. Income growth rate of the bottom 25% of	
national average the population	
10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage 10.4.1 Workforce proportion, disaggregated MoLSAMD	
and social protection policies, and by:	
progressively achieve greater equality 1. Male	
2. Female	
10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and 10.7.1 Percentage of afghan refugees who MoRR	
responsible migration and mobility of people, are registered at host countries, by:	
including through the implementation of 1. Pakistan	
planned and well-managed migration policies 2. Iran	
10.7.2 Number of returnees who receive MoRR	
humanitarian aid upon their return in the	
previous 12 months.	
10.7.3 Number of displaced families who are MoRR	
permanently settled in each year	
10.7.4 Percentage of returnee's settlements MoRR	
that has basic services and infrastructure	
10.7.5 Percentage of returnees and MoRR	
displaced people who benefits from	
employment and livelihood opportunities	
10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent 10.c.1 Remittance costs as a proportion of MoRR	
the transaction costs of migrant remittances the amount remitted	
and eliminate remittance corridors with costs	
higher than 5 per cent	

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



MAKE CITIES AND HUMAN SETTLEMENTS INCLUSIVE, SAFE, RESILIENT AND SUSTAINABLE



TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inc		ENIIII
11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to	11.1.1 Proportion of urban population living	MoUDH
adequate, safe and affordable housing and	in slums, informal settlements or inadequate	
basic services and upgrade slums	housing	
11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe,	11.2.1 Proportion of population that has	MoTCA
affordable, accessible and sustainable	access to public transport	
transport systems for all, improving road		
safety, notably by expanding public transport,		
with special attention to the needs of those in		
vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons		
11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and	11.3.2 Proportion of cities with a direct	MoUDH
sustainable urbanization and capacity for	participation structure of civil society in	MOODII
participatory, integrated and sustainable	urban planning and management that	
human settlement planning and management	operate regularly and democratically	
in country		
11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and	11.4.1 Proportion of national budget	MoIC
safeguard the world's cultural and natural	dedicated for the preservation, protection	
heritage	and conservation of all cultural, natural and	
	world heritage	
11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number	11.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons	NDMA
of deaths and the number of people affected	and persons affected by disaster per	NDIVIA
and substantially decrease the direct	100,000 people, disaggregated by:	
economic losses relative to global gross	1. Death	
domestic product caused by disasters,	Displaced and missing people	
including water-related disasters, with a focus	3. Affected people	
on protecting the poor and people in		
vulnerable situations		
11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita	11.6.1 Proportion of urban solid waste out of	Municipalities
environmental impact of cities, including by	total urban solid waste generated that are:	Municipalities
paying special attention to air quality and	a. Regularly collected	
municipal and other waste management	b. Adequately discharged after collection	
	11.6.2 Annual mean levels of fine particulate	NDMA
	matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities	
	(population weighted)	
11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to	11.7.2 Proportion of people victim of	Mol
safe, inclusive and accessible, green and	physical or sexual harassment during the	
public spaces, in particular for women and	last 12 months. Desegregated by:	
children, older persons and persons with	Total of both sex	
disabilities	a. Male	
	b. Female	
11.a Support positive economic, social and	11.a.1 Proportion of population living in cities	MoUDH
environmental links between urban, peri-	that implement urban and regional	
urban and rural areas by strengthening	development plans integrating population	
national and regional development planning	projections, resource needs, and size of city	
11.b By 2030, substantially increase the	11.b.1 Proportion of local governments that	NDMA
number of cities and human settlements	adopt and implement local disaster risk	
adopting and implementing integrated	reduction strategies in line with the Sendai	
policies and plans towards inclusion,	Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction	

resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION



ENSURE SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION PATTERNS

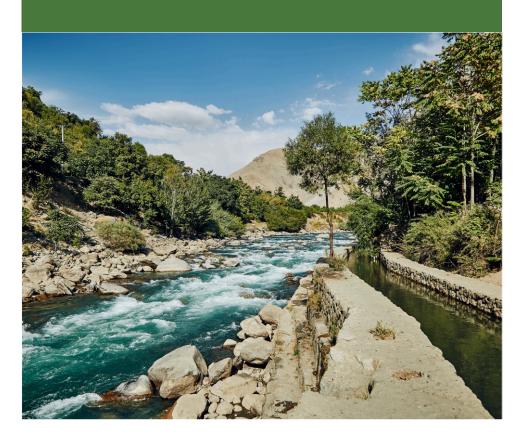


TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and p		
12.3 By 2030, halve per capita global food	12.3.1 Percentage of wheat and rice losses	MAIL
waste at the retail and consumer levels and	during the production in a year	
reduce food losses along production and	disaggregated by:	
supply chains, including post-harvest losses	a. Wheat	
	b. Rice	
12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally	12.4.1 Establish and implement national	NEPA
sound management of chemicals and all	actions plans for six international multilateral	
wastes throughout their life cycle, in	environmental agreements including	
accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their	Stockholm, Vienna, Minamata, Basel, Rotterdam conventions and Montreal	
release to air, water and soil in order to	protocol on hazardous waste, and other	
minimize their adverse impacts on human	chemicals that meet Afghanistan's	
health and the environment	commitments and obligations in transmitting	
	information as required by each relevant	
	agreement	
12.6 Encourage companies, especially large	12.6.1 Number of companies publishing	MoCl
and transnational companies, to adopt	sustainability reports	
sustainable practices and to integrate		
sustainability information into their reporting		
cycle		
12.a Attract developed countries support to	12.a.1 Conduct researches to protect	Sciences Academy
strengthen scientific and technological	environment, clean energy production,	
capacity to move towards more sustainable	increase local production and reach self-	
patterns of consumption and production.	reliance	
12.b Develop and implement tools to monitor	12.b.1 Number of sustainable tourism	MoIC
sustainable development impacts for	strategies or policies with implemented	
sustainable tourism that creates jobs and	action plans and agreed monitoring tools	
promotes local culture and products		
Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate of		
13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive	13.1.1 Percentage of development of local	NDMA
capacity to climate-related hazards and	disaster risk reduction strategies and action	
natural disasters in all countries	plans at district and locality levels	NEDA
13.2 Integrate climate change measures into	13.2.1 progress towards the establishment	NEPA
national policies, strategies and planning	or operationalization of an integrated	
	policy/strategy/plan which increases	
	Afghanistan's ability to adapt to the adverse	
	impacts of climate change, and foster	
	climate resilience and low greenhouse gas	
	emissions development in a manner that	
	does not threaten food production (including	
	a national adaptation plan, nationally	
	determined contribution, national	
	communication, biennial update report or	
	other)	

13 CLIMATE ACTION



TAKE URGENT ACTION TO COMBAT CLIMATE CHANGE AND ITS IMPACTS



TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts		
13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries	13.1.1 Percentage of development of local disaster risk reduction strategies and action plans at district and locality levels	NDMA
13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning	13.2.1 progress towards the establishment or operationalization of an integrated policy/strategy/plan which increases Afghanistan's ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change, and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development in a manner that does not threaten food production (including a national adaptation plan, nationally determined contribution, national communication, biennial update report or other)	NEPA

15 LIFE ON LAND



PROTECT, RESTORE AND PROMOTE
SUSTAINABLE USE OF TERRESTRIAL
ECOSYSTEMS, SUSTAINABLY MANAGE
FORESTS, COMBAT DESERTIFICATION, AND
HALT AND REVERSE LAND DEGRADATION
AND HALT BIODIVERSITY LOSS



TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainab		manage forests,
combat desertification, and halt and reverse lan	d degradation and halt biodiversity loss	
15.1 By 2030 ensure the conservation,	15.1.1 Forest area as a proportion of total	MAIL
restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial	land area	
and inland freshwater ecosystems and their		
services, in particular forests, wetlands,		
mountains and drylands, in line with		
obligations under international agreements		
15.2 By 2030, promote the implementation of	15.2.1 Percentage of forests under	MAIL
sustainable management of all types of	sustainable forest management	
forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded		
forests and substantially increase		
afforestation and reforestation globally	45.2.4 Deposition of land that is unarraded	MoEW
15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land	15.3.1 Proportion of land that is upgraded	IVIOEVV
affected by desertification, drought and	over total land area (Area of degraded land by floods over total land area along the	
floods, and strive to achieve a land	rivers and water passages using	
degradation-neutral world	construction and non-construction	
degradation-neutral world	measures)	
15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of	15.4.1 Percentage of important cites for	NEPA
mountain ecosystems, including their	mountain biodiversity that are covered as	142171
biodiversity, in order to enhance their	protected areas	
capacity to provide benefits that are essential	protocted drodo	
for sustainable development		
15.5 Take urgent and significant action to	15.5.1 Red List Index (preparing the list of	NEPA
reduce the degradation of natural habitats,	protected species in accordance to IUCN	
halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2030,	standards)	
protect and prevent the extinction of		
threatened species		
15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and	15.7.1 Proportion of traded wildlife and its	NEPA
trafficking of protected species of flora and	products that was poached or illicitly	
fauna and address both demand and supply	trafficked	
of illegal wildlife products		
15.8 By 2025, introduce measures to prevent	15.8.1 Approval of national laws and	NEPA
the introduction and significantly reduce the	legislation for the prevention or control of	
impact of invasive alien species on land and	invasive alien species	
water ecosystems and control or eradicate the		
priority species	45040	NEDA
15.9 By 2030, integrate ecosystem and	15.9.1 Progress towards national targets	NEPA
biodiversity values into national and local	established in accordance with Aichi Riediversity Target 2 of the Strategic Plan for	
planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts	Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020	
15.a Mobilize and significantly increase	15.a.1 Official development assistance and	NEPA
financial resources from all sources to	public expenditure on conservation and	HEIA
conserve and sustainably use biodiversity	sustainable use of biodiversity and	
and ecosystems	ecosystems	
	,	

16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS



PROMOTE PEACEFUL AND INCLUSIVE SOCIETIES FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT, PROVIDE ACCESS TO JUSTICE FOR ALL AND BUILD EFFECTIVE, ACCOUNTABLE AND INCLUSIVE INSTITUTIONS AT ALL LEVELS



TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societie	es for sustainable development, provide acce	ss to justice for all and
build effective, accountable and inclusive institu		
16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence	16.1.2 Conflict-related deaths per 100,000	NDMA
and related death rates everywhere	population	
	1. Due to known mines	
	Due to explosive material	
	3. Due to remains of ammunition from	
	conflict	
	16.1.5 Percentage of land cleared from land-	NDMA
	mines and unexploded ammunition	
16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and	16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1-17	MoLSAMD
all forms of violence against and torture of	years who experienced any physical	
children	punishment and/or psychological aggression	
	by caregivers in the past month	
	16.2.2 Number of victims of human	MoJ
	trafficking per 100,000 population.	
	Disaggregated by:	
	Total of both sex	
	a. Male	
	b. Female	
16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national	16.3.1 Number of victims of violence in the	Mol
and international levels and ensure equal	previous 12 months who reported their	
access to justice for all	victimization to relevant authorities.	
	Disaggregated by:	
	1. Total of both sex	
	a. Male	
	b. Female	
	16.3.2 Unsentenced detainees as a	Mol
	proportion of overall prison population	
	16.3.3 Number of beneficiaries of legal	MoJ
	assistance to have access to justice	
16.4 By 2030, significantly reduce illicit	16.4.1 Total value of inward and outward	Mol
financial and arms flows, strengthen the	illicit financial flows	
recovery and return of stolen assets and	16.4.2 Proportion of seized small arms and	Mol
combat all forms of organized crime	light weapons that are recorded and traced,	
· ·	in accordance with international standards	
	and legal instruments	
16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and	16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at	AJO
bribery in all their forms	least one contact with a public official and	, , , ,
2	who paid a bribe to a public official or were	
	asked for a bribe by those public officials,	
	disaggregated by:	
	1. Total of both sex	
	a. Male	
	b. Female	
	16.5.3 Proportion of high ranking	Administration office
	government officials whose asset is	of President
	recorded, investigated and published as per	
	the national law.	

16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of Afghanistan in the institutions of global governance	16.8.1 Proportion of membership and voting rights of Afghanistan in international organizations. Disaggregated by: 1. International Organizations	MoFA
16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	16.9.1 Number of registered births	Civil Registration Authority
16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements	16.10.1 Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months	MoIC
	16.10.2 Number of adopted and implemented constitutional, statutory and/or policy that guarantees access to information for public	MoIC
16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime	16.a.1 Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles	Mol

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



STRENGTHEN THE MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION AND REVITALIZE THE GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT



TARGETS	INDICATOR	ENTITY
Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation		ENTITY stainable Development
17.1 Strengthen domestic resource		MoF
mobilization, including through international	17.1.1 Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP	IVIOF
	_ ' '	МеГ
support to developing countries, to improve	17.1.2 Proportion of domestic budget funded	MoF
domestic capacity for tax and other revenue	by domestic taxes	
collection	47.0.4 Familiar discretization and (FDI)	M-OI
17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources	17.3.1 Foreign direct investments (FDI) as a	MoCI
for country from multiple sources	proportion of total GDP	
17.6 Enhance North-South, South-South and	17.6.2 Percentage of fixed Internet	MoCIT
triangular regional and international	broadband subscriptions per	
cooperation on and access to science,	100 inhabitants, disaggregated by:	
technology and innovation and enhance	1. Speed	
knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms,		
including through improved coordination		
among existing mechanisms, in particular at		
the United Nations level, and through a global		
technology facilitation mechanism		
17.8 By 2030, fully operationalize the	17.8.1 Proportion of population using the	MoCIT
technology bank and science, technology and	Internet	
innovation capacity-building mechanism and		
enhance the use of enabling technology, in		
particular information and communications		
technology		
17.11 By 2030, Significantly increase the	17.11.1 Afghanistan's share in global	MoCl
exports of the country in particular with a	exports	moor
view to doubling the country's share in global	САРОТЮ	
exports		
17.13 Enhance global macroeconomic	17.13.1 Gross Domestic Product (in billions	MoF
stability, including through policy	USD)	WO
coordination and policy coherence	030)	
17.17 Encourage and promote effective	17.17.1 Amount of money allocated to	MoF
public, public-private and civil society	public-private partnerships (in millions USD)	IVIUF
	public-private partnerships (in millions 05D)	
partnerships, building on the experience and		
resourcing strategies of partnerships	47.40.4 D	NOIA
17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building	17.18.1 Proportion of sustainable	NSIA
support to increase significantly the	development indicators produced at the	
availability of high-quality, timely and reliable	national level with full disaggregation when	
data disaggregated by income, gender, age,	relevant to the target, in accordance with the	
race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability,	Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics	
geographic location and other characteristics	17.18.2 Number of countries that have	NSIA
relevant in national contexts	national statistical legislation that complies	
	with the Fundamental Principles of Official	
	Statistics	
17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to	17.19.1 Dollar value of all resources made	NSIA
develop measurements of progress on	available to strengthen statistical capacity in	
sustainable development that complement	developing countries	
gross domestic product, and support	17.19.2 Proportion of countries that (a) have	NSIA
statistical capacity-building in developing	conducted at least one population and	
countries	housing census in the last 10 years; and (b)	
	have achieved 100 per cent birth registration	
	and 80 per cent death registration	

For more information please contact!

Contact:

Shahr-e-Naw, Ansari Square, Opposite to Safi Airways Office, Kabul - Afghanistan.

Ministry of Economy - Kabul Afghanistan Phone: +93 706015030

Email: info@sdgs.gov.af

































